American Association of
American Association of
NURSE PRACTITIONERS

## NURSE PRAGTITIONER COMPENSATION 2019

Results
from the
National
Nurse
Practitioner
Sample
Survey

Dear Colleague,
Below, you will find results from the 2019 National Nurse Practitioner Sample Survey that will not only inform you about nurse practitioner (NP) compensation and benefits but also introduce you to the type of work AANP's research team conducts and the type of data collected and maintained throughout the year.

AANP serves as a robust resource on NPs and their practices and houses the only comprehensive database of NPs in the United States (U.S.). As a leader in NP compensation and practice research, AANP is also exploring new ways of collecting and analyzing data that will further serve the NP community and continue to shape the future of health care. A primary goal of AANP is to expand research access for all NPs and stakeholders interested in timely information. We are ushering in a new era at AANP and hope to work with you in your future research of the NP role.

Sincerely, Chris

Christine Tracy
Vice President of Research
American Association of Nurse Practitioners ${ }^{\circledR}$

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## Introduction

In the fall of 2019, the American Association of Nurse Practitioners ${ }^{\circledR}$ (AANP) completed the annual National Nurse Practitioner Sample Survey that focused on nurse practitioner (NP) compensation and benefits. Previous versions were conducted in 2007, 2008, 2011, 2015 and 2017. The purpose of this survey was to update compensation-related data to further evaluate the changing compensation characteristics and arrangements associated with NP practice. The survey consisted of 75 questions relating to NP salary information; employee arrangement; employee satisfaction; practice communities, settings and characteristics; education; and demographics. Compensation data included in the 2019 survey results are reported using the median instead of the mean, or average. This change aligns AANP with both industry standards for reporting salary data and federal estimates on nurse practitioner (NP) pay. Unless otherwise specified, salary and benefits information depicted in this report represents full-time NPs, defined as working 35 hours or more per week.

## Methods

The sampling frame for this survey was pulled from the AANP National NP Database, which includes contact information from AANP members and customers as well as from state regulatory agencies. NPs were included if, in the past year, they were reported by a state licensing agency that did not restrict the use of their contact information for research and if the NP had a valid email address from the state board or from an existing business relationship with AANP. The resulting database contained approximately 156,000 valid email records available for sampling and a stratified random sample of just over 59,000 was generated.

Selected participants were notified about the survey through email and web campaigns. Those who had a valid email address available to AANP were sent a unique link to the online survey. Non-responders were sent followup emails weekly during the survey period, approximately 9 weeks.

A total of 5,770 respondents completed the survey for a response rate of 9.7 percent, using the American Association of Public Opinion Research Outcome Rate Calculator, Version 4.0. A multivariate weighting adjustment was used to adjust for sampling bias and for subtle over- and under-representations of certain demographic and geographic groups using standards established by the 2013-14 National NP Practice Site Census. The final weighted data file was projected to be representative of the more than 270,000 licensed NPs in the U.S.

This report is limited to the NP respondents who were clinically practicing at the time of their participation; therefore, 131 respondents were not included in the analysis because they were not clinically practicing. Additionally, unless otherwise noted (e.g., salary and benefits), data presented throughout this report is from NPs who are licensed and reported working or volunteering full- and part-time.

## Limitations

The 2019 National Nurse Practitioner Sample Survey was designed to provide a national snapshot of NPs and does not necessarily reflect local or regional environments. Regional or state-based data is made available on a limited basis, depending on the stability of point estimates. While several attempts were made to eliminate bias through questionnaire design, sampling and weighting strategies, self-reported data is always associated with a certain level of response-bias based on factors such as differences in question interpretation.

## Please note, sample survey report materials and data may not be reproduced or retransmitted in any form without the expressed written consent of AANP.

## Section I: General Results

## Demographics

Respondents were asked to report their demographic information in order to characterize the composition of the workforce. On average, clinically practicing NPs were 47 years old, and approximately 90.8 percent were female. Table 1.1 depicts the distribution of age groups of the clinically practicing NP population. NPs were asked to report their race and ethnicity; they described themselves as White (81.9\%), Black/African American (6.5\%), Asian (4.7\%), American Indian/Alaska Native (0.6\%), Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander (0.1\%) or multiracial (1.9\%). A majority (95.7\%) described themselves as not Hispanic or Latino, while 4.3 percent indicated they were Hispanic/Latino (see Table 1.2).

Respondents were also geographically diverse, with a large concentration of NPs located in the South. Tables 1.3 and 1.4 provide additional details on the proportion of respondents by both AANP and U.S. Census region. Data on work setting location also reveals that most NPs practice in urban areas. Additionally, when asked about their military background, 6.6 percent of NPs indicated current or previous active duty military service (see Table 1.5).

## Education and Experience

When asked about their initial NP education, the vast majority said they received a graduate degree (95.9\%) and an estimated 16.4 percent indicated a doctoral degree as their highest level of education (see Tables 1.6 and 1.7). In addition to their NP preparation, more than six percent of NPs were educated in an additional Advanced Practice Registered Nurse (APRN) role (e.g., Clinical Nurse Specialist, Certified Nurse Midwife or Certified Registered Nurse Anesthetist).

On average, NPs had been in practice for 10 years, but more than a third (41.1\%) had been in practice five years or fewer. This group of early career NPs has continued to grow, since the number of new NP graduates has been steadily increasing. Table $\mathbf{1 . 8}$ depicts the distribution of NPs by number of years in practice.

## Certification and Clinical Focus

Given that some NPs are certified in multiple population areas, respondents were able to select more than one certification. The NP workforce most frequently reported certifications in the areas of Family ( $65.4 \%$ ), Adult (12.6\%) and Adult-Gerontology Primary Care (7.8\%). Table 1.9 depicts the distribution of each NP certification. A total of 89.7 percent of NPs were certified in an area of primary care.

## Practice Community and Setting

NPs reported working in communities of all sizes in both rural and urban areas. More than 11.9 percent of NPs work in communities with a population of less than 10,000 , and approximately 3.2 percent of NPs work in communities with a population of less than 2,500 (see Table 1.10). In these smaller communities, NPs most frequently practiced in rural health clinics. About one in eight NPs practiced in large urban areas (population of 1 million or more), where they were most likely to work in hospital inpatient units.

NPs also work in a variety of different practice settings. Table 1.11 lists the 10 most common practice settings for NPs. NPs were most likely to work in hospital outpatient clinics (14.4\%), hospital inpatient units (13.3\%), private group practices (11.6\%) and private physician practices (8.4\%). Among many other settings, NPs also frequently reported working in urgent care (4.7\%) and community health centers (3.8\%).

## Section II: NP Compensation Results

## Employment Characteristics

At their main NP practice site, 91.0 percent of NPs had a job description, 66.7 percent had an employment contract and 57.3 percent had their own patient panel. When asked about the employment arrangement at their main NP practice site, 92.3 percent of NPs were full- or part-time staff or faculty and 2.1 percent were practice owners. Overall, NPs report a high level of job satisfaction; 76.5 percent were satisfied or very satisfied with their employment at their main NP practice site. A majority (69.0\%) of NPs believed their compensation to be fair.

## Compensation

For the purposes of this analysis, salary and hourly rates excluded benefit packages, including health insurance, retirement plans, etc. In addition, salary data was withheld if there were fewer than 10 respondents prior to weighting. Full-time was defined as working 35 or more hours per week, and part-time is working less than 35 hours per week. Respondents could report compensation data as hourly rates or annual base salary as well as total annual income, which includes base salary, productivity bonuses, and incentive payments for the year.

When asked about the compensation arrangement at their main NP practice site, 69.6 percent of NPs were salaried, 26.8 percent were hourly and 3.6 percent were self-employed. More than three out of four NPs (76.8\%) worked full-time. Most full-time NPs (78.6\%) were salaried whereas more than half (55.0\%) of NPs who worked part-time had hourly compensation arrangements. Table 2.1 highlights the differences in compensation arrangement between full-time and part-time NPs.

The median hourly rate for all NPs, regardless of the number of hours worked, was $\$ 58.00$, slightly lower than the average hourly rate of $\$ 60.94$. The median hourly pay rate for NPs in full-time practice was $\$ 57.00$. The median base salary for a full-time NP was $\$ 110,000$. The median total annual income for full-time NPs was $\$ 115,000$. Sixty percent of NPs described an increase in their total annual income compared to the previous year. The main reasons for the increase were attributed to receiving a merit or cost-of living raise (61.3\%), changing jobs (13.8\%) and working more hours/ transitioning to full time/ doing more overtime or call (7.3\%).

In addition to base compensation, more than a third (33.7\%) of NPs received an incentive payment or bonus at their main NP work site, however, almost half (45.6\%) reported a cap on that amount. Bonuses were most frequently determined by quality measures/outcomes (40.4\%), number of patient encounters (40.2\%), Relative Value Units (33.8\%), practice revenue/profit (29.3\%) and patient satisfaction (27.5\%) (see Table 2.10). It is important to note, NPs were able to select multiple factors.

NP compensation varied greatly based on several variables, including certification, practice setting and clinical focus. Among NP certifications, those who reported an Adult Psychiatric/Mental Health certification and worked full time had the highest median annual base salary $(\$ 125,000)$ while Emergency NPs had the highest average hourly rate (\$70.00). Table 2.2 provides the hourly rates, median base salary and total annual income by NP certification.

Subsequently, full-time NPs working in emergency rooms had the highest median hourly rate (\$70.50) and total annual income $(\$ 135,000)$ while those working at VA facilities had the highest median annual base salary ( $\$ 124,000$ ), see Table 2.3. In addition to area of NP certification(s), respondents were asked to select their clinical focus at their main NP work site. Table $\mathbf{2 . 4}$ displays the compensation for the top ten clinical focus areas reported by full-time NPs. As the most frequently reported clinical focus area, NPs with a clinical focus area in primary care had a total annual income of $\$ 112,000$ per year.

Other factors that contribute to compensation include holding additional administrative roles, number of years of experience and education level. Clinically practicing NPs reported having roles in Administration, Faculty or Research. NPs with an administration role (14.2\%) reported a higher median base salary of \$120,000 whereas NPs who only held a clinical role reported a median base salary of $\$ 108,000$. A majority ( $73.4 \%$ ) described their administrative role as a "professional-level" position (e.g., director, manager or supervisor), and about one in seven (14.7\%) held an "executive-level" position (e.g., CEO, CNO or owner). Full-time NPs with 6-10 years of experience had a higher median base salary $(\$ 110,000)$ and median hourly rate $(\$ 60.00)$ than NPs with 5 or fewer years of experience, which was $\$ 104,000$ base salary and $\$ 54.00$ hourly (see Table 2.5). NPs with a DNP or Nursing PhD reported a higher median base salary and total annual income than NPs with a master's degree (see Table 2.6).

In general, the size of the community NPs work in and the geographic location is another factor that impacts total compensation for NPs. Full-time NPs working in a community with a population of one million or more residents had the highest median hourly rate, annual base salary and total annual income (\$63.00; \$115,000; $\$ 120,000$ respectively). Table 2.7 depicts the annual base salary and total income depending on the community size. For the first time in 2019, AANP is reporting median salary by state (see Table 2.8). Respondents from Alabama and Kentucky reported the lowest median total annual income ( $\$ 104,000$ and $\$ 100,000$ respectively) while those from California and Hawaii reported the highest median total annual income (\$145,000 and $\$ 140,000$ respectively).

Nearly one-third (32.7\%) of all full-time NPs take evening or weekend calls at their primary work site; only 30.7\% of these NPs were compensated for this time. The most common compensation arrangements for taking evening and weekend calls were per day on call (12.9\%) and per hour of call time (10.0\%). The median daily rate was $\$ 150.00$ and the median hourly rate per hour of call time was $\$ 25.00$.

## Benefits

When asked about employment benefits provided at their main NP work site, most full-time NPs received paid vacation (90.4\%), health insurance (88.4\%), dental insurance (81.0\%), professional liability insurance (80.7\%), a retirement plan with employer match (74.8\%), vision insurance (71.7\%), paid sick leave (69.2\%) and life insurance (67.2\%). Most NPs also received employment benefits related to professional development including continuing education reimbursement/allowance (83.3\%), professional leave to attend professional meetings or conferences (69.3\%) and registration fees for professional meetings or conferences (52.4\%). Additional benefits are listed in Table 2.9.

Table 1.1: Distribution of NPs by Age Group

| Age Group | Percent |
| :--- | :---: |
| $<30$ years | 2.3 |
| $30-34$ years | 13.2 |
| $35-39$ years | 16.1 |
| $40-44$ years | 13.3 |
| $45-49$ years | 13.0 |
| $50-54$ years | 11.5 |
| $55-59$ years | 12.6 |
| $60-64$ years | 11.3 |
| $65+$ years | 6.7 |

Table 1.2: Distribution of NPs by Race

| Race | Percent |
| :--- | :---: |
| White | 81.9 |
| Black | 6.5 |
| Hispanic | 4.3 |
| Multiracial | 1.9 |
| Asian | 4.7 |
| Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | 0.1 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 0.6 |

Table 1.3: Distribution of NPs by AANP Region

| AANP Region | Percent |
| :--- | :---: |
| Region 1 (CT, ME, MA, NH, RI, VT) | 6.3 |
| Region 2 (NJ, NY, PR) | 8.2 |
| Region 3 (DC, DE, MD, PA, VA, WV) | 11.3 |
| Region 4 (KY, NC, SC, TN) | 10.6 |
| Region 5 (IL, IN, MI, MN, OH, WI) | 13.6 |
| Region 6 (AR, LA, OK, TX) | 10.5 |
| Region 7 (IA, KS, MO, NE) | 5.7 |
| Region 8 (CO, MT, ND, SD, UT, WY) | 3.3 |
| Region 9 (AZ, CA, HI, NM, NV, AS, GU) | 12.2 |
| Region 10 (AK, ID, OR, WA) | 3.4 |
| Region 11 (AL, FL, GA, MS, VI) | 14.8 |

Table 1.4: Distribution of NPs by Census Region*

| Region | Percent |
| :--- | :---: |
| Northeast (ME, NH, VT, MA, RI, CT, NY, NJ, PA) | 19.1 |
| Midwest (OH, MI, IN, WI, IL, MN, IA, MO, ND, SD, NE, KS) | 19.6 |
| South (DE, MD, VA, WV, KY, NC, SC, TN, GA, FL, AL, MS, AR, LA, TX, OK) | 42.7 |
| West (MT, ID, WY, CO, NM, AZ, UT, NV, CA, OR, WA, AK, HI) | 18.5 |

${ }^{*}$ As defined by the U.S. Census Bureau

Table 1.5: Distribution of NPs by Military Status

| Veteran Status | Percent |
| :--- | :---: |
| Currently on Active Duty | 1.5 |
| Previously on Active Duty | 5.1 |
| Not a Veteran | 93.3 |

Table 1.6: Distribution of NPs by Initial NP Education Level

| Initial NP Education | Percent |
| :--- | :---: |
| Certificate | 2.4 |
| Bachelor's | 1.7 |
| Master's | 83.1 |
| Post-Master's Certificate | 9.4 |
| Doctoral | 3.4 |

Table 1.7: Distribution of NPs by Highest Degree Awarded

| Highest Degree Awarded | Percent |
| :--- | :---: |
| Other Degree or Certificate | 1.4 |
| Nursing Master's | 81.3 |
| Non-nursing Master's | 1.1 |
| DNP | 13.2 |
| Nursing PhD | 1.6 |
| Non-nursing Doctorate | 1.3 |

Table 1.8: Distribution of NPs by Number of Years in NP Practice

| Years of NP Experience | Percent |
| :--- | :---: |
| 5 or fewer years | 41.1 |
| $6-10$ years | 22.6 |
| $11-15$ years | 12.0 |
| $16-20$ years | 10.8 |
| 21 or more years | 13.5 |

Table 1.9: Distribution of NPs by Certification Area*

| NP Certification | Percent |
| :--- | :---: |
| Family* | 65.4 |
| Adult* | 12.6 |
| Adult-Gerontology Primary Care* | 7.8 |
| Acute Care | 5.5 |
| Pediatrics—Primary Care* | 3.7 |
| Adult—Gerontology Acute Care | 3.4 |
| Women's Health* | 2.8 |
| Psychiatric/Mental Health—Family | 1.8 |
| Gerontology* | 1.7 |
| Hospice and Palliative Care | 1.5 |
| Oncology | 1.4 |
| Psychiatric/Mental Health | 1.4 |
| Psychiatric/Mental Health—Adult | 1.2 |
| Emergency | 1.1 |
| Neonatal | 1.0 |
| Pediatrics—Acute Care | 0.8 |


| Diabetes Management—Advanced | 0.5 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Dermatology | 0.4 |
| Orthopedics | 0.4 |
| Pediatric—Primary Care Mental Health | 0.4 |
| School Health | 0.2 |
| Addictions-Advanced Practice | 0.2 |

*Indicates a primary care certification. The sum of all percentages $>100 \%$ because some NPs have more than one certification

Table 1.10: Distribution of NPs by Main Work Site Community Size

| Main Work Site Community Size | Percent |
| :--- | :---: |
| Less than 2,500 | 3.2 |
| 2,500 to 9,999 | 8.7 |
| 10,000 to 49,999 | 20.0 |
| 50,000 to 249,999 | 33.2 |
| 250,000 to 999,999 | 21.8 |
| $1,000,000$ or more | 13.1 |

Table 1.11: Distribution of NPs by Top 10 Main Work Site Settings

| Work Setting | Percent |
| :--- | :---: |
| Hospital Outpatient | 14.4 |
| Hospital Inpatient | 13.3 |
| Private Group Practice | 11.6 |
| Private Physician Practice | 8.4 |
| Urgent Care | 4.7 |
| Community Health Center | 3.8 |
| Employer/Corporate Clinic | 3.5 |
| Federally Qualified Health Center | 3.3 |
| Rural Health Clinic | 2.9 |
| Emergency Room | 2.8 |

Table 2.1: Compensation Arrangements for NPs by Hours Worked

|  | All NPs | Full-Time 35+ hours | Part-Time <35 hours |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Compensation Arrangement | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| Salaried | 69.6 | 78.9 | 55.0 |
| Hourly | 26.8 | 18.3 | 38.9 |
| Self-Employed | 3.6 | 2.8 | 6.1 |

Table 2.2: Median Hourly, Annual Base and Total Salary by NP Certification Area

|  | Hourly Rate |  | Annual Base Salary |  | Total Income |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NP Certification | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\mathbf{\$}$ | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\mathbf{\$}$ | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\mathbf{\$}$ |
| Family* | 720 | 57.00 | 1978 | 107,000 | 2479 | 114,000 |
| Adult* | 97 | 60.00 | 376 | 115,500 | 435 | 120,000 |
| Adult-Gerontology Primary Care* | 65 | 53.00 | 293 | 107,000 | 327 | 112,000 |


|  | 62 | 62.00 | 181 | 120,000 | 216 | 127,500 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pediatrics-Primary Care* | 28 | 61.50 | 94 | 108,500 | 113 | 115,000 |
| Adult-Gerontology Acute Care | 39 | 59.00 | 137 | 112,000 | 159 | 118,000 |
| Women's Health* | 19 | 52.00 | 77 | 105,000 | 89 | 110,000 |
| Psychiatric/Mental Health—Family | 20 | 64.50 | 52 | 119,000 | 68 | 125,000 |
| Gerontology* | 12 | 64.50 | 50 | 118,000 | 61 | 120,000 |
| Hospice and Palliative Care | 14 | 58.50 | 49 | 116,000 | 56 | 119,500 |
| Oncology | $* *$ | $* *$ | 52 | 119,000 | 57 | 123,000 |
| Psychiatric/Mental Health | 15 | 68.00 | 46 | 120,000 | 58 | 131,500 |
| Psychiatric/Mental Health-Adult | 16 | 68.00 | 38 | 125,000 | 51 | 135,000 |
| Emergency | 29 | 70.00 | 24 | 114,000 | 41 | 135,000 |
| Neonatal | 15 | 64.00 | 28 | 122,500 | 36 | 130,500 |
| Pediatrics-Acute Care | $* *$ | $* *$ | 29 | 112,000 | 33 | 115,000 |
| Diabetes Management-Advanced | $* *$ | $* *$ | 19 | 110,000 | 21 | 112,000 |
| Dermatology | $* *$ | $* *$ | $* *$ | $* *$ | $* *$ | $* *$ |
| Orthopedics | $* *$ | $* *$ | 15 | 113,000 | 18 | 121,000 |
| Pediatrics-Primary Care Mental | $* *$ | $* *$ | 10 | 124,000 | 14 | 128,000 |
| Health |  |  |  |  |  | $* *$ |
| School Health | $* *$ | $* *$ | $* *$ | $* *$ | $* *$ |  |
| Addictions-Advanced Practice | $* *$ | $* *$ | $* *$ | $* *$ | $* *$ | $* *$ |

*Indicates a primary care certification
**Data unavailable
Table 2.3: Median Hourly, Annual Base and Total Salary by Top 20 NP Work Site Settings

|  | Hourly Rate |  | Annual Base Salary |  | Total Income |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Work Setting | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\mathbf{\$}$ | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\mathbf{\$}$ | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\mathbf{\$}$ |
| Hospital Outpatient | 141 | 55.00 | 544 | 110,000 | 606 | 115,000 |
| Hospital Inpatient | 164 | 59.00 | 502 | 115,500 | 592 | 120,000 |
| Private Group Practice | 65 | 53.00 | 365 | 105,000 | 402 | 112,000 |
| Private Physician Practice | 51 | 50.00 | 235 | 104,000 | 273 | 110,000 |
| Urgent Care | 108 | 60.00 | 90 | 108,000 | 170 | 120,000 |
| Community Health Center | 29 | 57.00 | 132 | 105,000 | 149 | 110,000 |
| Employer/Corporate Clinic | 25 | 56.00 | 122 | 108,000 | 135 | 115,000 |
| Federally Qualified Health Center | 19 | 52.00 | 128 | 105,000 | 140 | 109,000 |
| Rural Health Clinic | 31 | 53.00 | 99 | 104,000 | 123 | 115,000 |
| Emergency Room | 74 | 70.50 | 35 | 110,000 | 93 | 135,000 |
| Long-term Care Facility | 16 | 53.00 | 79 | 110,000 | 91 | 120,000 |
| Private NP Practice | 11 | 57.00 | 36 | 107,500 | 73 | 120,000 |
| University, public (e.g., Faculty) | 18 | 59.50 | 76 | 104,000 | 83 | 110,000 |
| VA Facility | 54 | 62.50 | 63 | 124,000 | 102 | 125,500 |
| Retail Clinic | 31 | 56.00 | 27 | 109,000 | 50 | 110,000 |
| Behavioral Health/Addiction | 17 | 66.00 | 40 | 120,000 | 55 | 125,000 |
| Occupational Health Clinic | 13 | 60.00 | 53 | 117,000 | 62 | 118,000 |


| College Student Health | $* *$ | $* *$ | 43 | 94,000 | 46 | 96,000 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hospice/Palliative Care | 10 | 52.00 | 45 | 107,000 | 47 | 114,000 |
| Home Health Care | 11 | 57.00 | 28 | 119,000 | 40 | 125,000 |
| **Data unavailable |  |  |  |  |  |  |

**Data unavailable

Table 2.4: Median Hourly, Annual Base and Total Salary by Top 10 NP Clinical Focus Areas

|  | Hourly Rate |  | Annual Base Salary |  | Total Income |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NP Clinical Focus | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\mathbf{\$}$ | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\mathbf{\$}$ | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\mathbf{\$}$ |
| Primary Care | 246 | 53.00 | 961 | 105,000 | 1136 | 112,000 |
| Internal Medicine | 59 | 53.00 | 226 | 108,000 | 261 | 115,000 |
| Urgent Care | 130 | 60.00 | 120 | 106,000 | 217 | 115,000 |
| Cardiology | 44 | 58.00 | 176 | 110,000 | 195 | 115,000 |
| OB/GYN | 32 | 53.50 | 87 | 103,000 | 104 | 105,500 |
| Psychiatric | 33 | 65.00 | 72 | 116,500 | 105 | 130,000 |
| Oncology | 25 | 57.00 | 112 | 110,000 | 124 | 120,000 |
| Health Promotion | 24 | 59.50 | 64 | 108,000 | 85 | 115,000 |
| Emergency | 70 | 70.50 | 36 | 116,500 | 87 | 135,000 |
| Hospitalist | 35 | 65.00 | 93 | 115,000 | 118 | 120,500 |

Table 2.5: Median Hourly, Annual Base and Total Salary by NP Years of Experience

|  | Hourly Rate |  | Annual Base Salary |  | Total Income |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Years Experience | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\mathbf{\$}$ | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\mathbf{\$}$ | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\mathbf{\$}$ |
| 5 or fewer years | 471 | 54.00 | 1478 | 104,000 | 1784 | 110,000 |
| $6-10$ years | 230 | 60.00 | 755 | 110,000 | 910 | 118,500 |
| $11-15$ years | 124 | 60.00 | 347 | 118,000 | 428 | 122,500 |
| $16-20$ years | 101 | 63.00 | 277 | 118,000 | 350 | 124,000 |
| 21 or more years | 115 | 61.00 | 284 | 120,000 | 363 | 125,000 |

Table 2.6: Median Hourly, Annual Base and Total Salary by Highest Degree

|  | Hourly Rate |  | Annual Base Salary |  | Total Income |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Degree | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\mathbf{\$}$ | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\mathbf{\$}$ | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\mathbf{\$}$ |
| Nursing Master's | 788 | 56.00 | 2465 | 108,000 | 2996 | 115,000 |
| DNP | 151 | 60.00 | 421 | 113,000 | 513 | 120,000 |
| Nursing PhD | 14 | 62.50 | 30 | 120,000 | 42 | 125,000 |

Table 2.7: Median Hourly, Annual Base and Total Salary by Community Population Size

|  | Hourly Rate |  | Annual Base Salary |  | Total Income |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Community Population Size | $\boldsymbol{n}$ | $\mathbf{\$}$ | $\boldsymbol{n}$ | $\mathbf{\$}$ | $\boldsymbol{n}$ | $\boldsymbol{\$}$ |
| Less than 2,500 | 34 | 54.50 | 101 | 105,000 | 124 | 110,000 |
| 2,500 to 9,999 | 89 | 55.00 | 268 | 105,000 | 331 | 110,000 |
| 10,000 to 49,999 | 201 | 55.00 | 561 | 106,000 | 704 | 115,000 |
| 50,000 to 249,999 | 341 | 57.00 | 1040 | 109,000 | 1254 | 115,000 |
| 250,000 to 999,999 | 217 | 58.00 | 686 | 110,000 | 840 | 117,000 |


| $1,000,000$ or more | 141 | 63.00 | 437 | 115,000 | 526 | 120,000 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Table 2.8: Median Hourly, Annual Base and Total Salary by State

|  | Hourly Rate |  | Annual Base Salary |  | Total Income |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State | n | \$ | n | \$ | n | \$ |
| Alabama | 15 | 53.00 | 44 | 100,000 | 55 | 104,000 |
| Alaska | ** | ** | ** | ** | ** | ** |
| Arizona | 22 | 59.50 | 84 | 115,500 | 110 | 120,000 |
| Arkansas | ** | ** | 26 | 95,000 | 33 | 106,000 |
| California | 106 | 75.00 | 177 | 130,000 | 266 | 145,000 |
| Colorado | 23 | 53.00 | 65 | 109,000 | 81 | 114,000 |
| Connecticut | 14 | 58.50 | 39 | 118,000 | 44 | 123,500 |
| Delaware | ** | ** | ** | ** | ** | ** |
| District of Columbia | ** | ** | 15 | 118,000 | 18 | 135,000 |
| Florida | 59 | 52.00 | 174 | 103,000 | 214 | 109,000 |
| Georgia | 35 | 53.00 | 113 | 105,000 | 133 | 112,000 |
| Hawaii | ** | ** | ** | ** | 12 | 140,000 |
| Idaho | ** | ** | 10 | 116,500 | 12 | 126,000 |
| Illinois | 29 | 54.00 | 93 | 108,000 | 106 | 115,000 |
| Indiana | 22 | 52.00 | 68 | 107,000 | 80 | 113,000 |
| Iowa | 15 | 64.00 | 44 | 110,000 | 55 | 120,000 |
| Kansas | 14 | 55.50 | 43 | 100,000 | 55 | 106,000 |
| Kentucky | 29 | 51.00 | 79 | 95,000 | 94 | 100,000 |
| Louisiana | 11 | 70.00 | 52 | 103,500 | 62 | 113,000 |
| Maine | ** | ** | 19 | 105,000 | 20 | 108,000 |
| Maryland | 27 | 57.00 | 70 | 111,500 | 85 | 120,000 |
| Massachusetts | 40 | 58.00 | 101 | 119,000 | 120 | 120,000 |
| Michigan | 28 | 53.00 | 55 | 103,000 | 78 | 109,000 |
| Minnesota | 17 | 60.00 | 48 | 120,000 | 57 | 123,000 |
| Mississippi | 16 | 55.50 | 36 | 99,000 | 50 | 109,000 |
| Missouri | 33 | 56.00 | 75 | 105,000 | 97 | 110,000 |
| Montana | ** | ** | 12 | 113,500 | 13 | 135,000 |
| Nebraska | ** | ** | 14 | 112,500 | 18 | 112,500 |
| Nevada | ** | ** | 22 | 120,000 | 27 | 134,000 |
| New Hampshire | ** | ** | 13 | 107,000 | 14 | 115,000 |
| New Jersey | 17 | 63.00 | 80 | 120,000 | 92 | 123,000 |
| New Mexico | ** | ** | 30 | 110,000 | 34 | 116,000 |
| New York | 49 | 64.00 | 183 | 117,000 | 211 | 123,000 |
| North Carolina | 23 | 60.00 | 129 | 106,000 | 139 | 114,000 |

Table 2.8: Median Hourly, Annual Base and Total Salary by State (continued)

|  | Hourly Rate |  | Annual Base Salary |  | Total Income |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\mathbf{\$}$ | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\mathbf{\$}$ | $\mathbf{n}$ | $\mathbf{\$}$ |
| North Dakota | $* *$ | $* *$ | $* *$ | $* *$ | $* *$ | $* *$ |
| Ohio | 34 | 53.00 | 149 | 104,000 | 162 | 105,500 |
| Oklahoma | 10 | 50.50 | 49 | 106,000 | 56 | 110,000 |
| Oregon | 15 | 60.00 | 27 | 120,000 | 43 | 131,000 |
| Pennsylvania | 48 | 55.00 | 161 | 105,000 | 190 | 110,000 |
| Rhode Island | $* *$ | $* *$ | 15 | 112,000 | 18 | 114,500 |
| South Carolina | 12 | 53.00 | 42 | 98,500 | 49 | 108,000 |
| South Dakota | $* *$ | $* *$ | 14 | 100,000 | 14 | 105,500 |
| Tennessee | 34 | 52.50 | 96 | 101,500 | 116 | 105,000 |
| Texas | 86 | 65.00 | 240 | 110,000 | 312 | 120,000 |
| Utah | $* *$ | $* *$ | 33 | 104,000 | 38 | 111,500 |
| Vermont | $* *$ | $* *$ | $* *$ | $* *$ | $* *$ | $* *$ |
| Virginia | 33 | 55.00 | 78 | 110,000 | 99 | 114,000 |
| Washington | 21 | 63.00 | 96 | 120,000 | 112 | 124,000 |
| West Virginia | $* *$ | $* *$ | 18 | 101,000 | 20 | 114,000 |
| Wisconsin | 16 | 52.50 | 74 | 107,000 | 84 | 109,500 |
| Wyoming | $* *$ | $* *$ | $* *$ | $* *$ | $* *$ | $* *$ |

**Data unavailable

Table 2.9: Benefits Provided by Work Site

| Benefit | Percent |
| :--- | :---: |
| Paid Vacation | 90.4 |
| Health Insurance | 88.4 |
| Continuing education reimbursement/ allowance | 83.3 |
| Dental insurance | 81.0 |
| Professional liability (malpractice) insurance | 80.7 |
| Retirement plan with employer match | 74.8 |
| Vision insurance | 71.7 |
| Professional leave to attend meetings or conferences | 69.3 |
| Paid Sick Leave | 69.2 |
| Life insurance | 67.2 |
| Reimbursement/allowance for NP licensure/certification | 63.5 |
| Short term disability | 58.9 |
| Disability insurance | 58.5 |
| Long term disability | 55.5 |
| Registration fees for professional meetings or conferences | 52.4 |
| Healthcare savings account | 52.0 |
| Dues for professional organizations | 48.0 |
| Journal reimbursement/ allowance | 18.9 |


| Paid parental leave | 18.2 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Retirement without employer match | 14.4 |
| Commuter assistance | 12.6 |

Table 2.10: Bonus Factors

| Bonus Factor | Percent |
| :--- | :---: |
| Quality measures/ Outcomes | 40.4 |
| Number of patient encounters | 40.2 |
| Relative Value Units | 33.8 |
| Practice revenue/Profit | 29.3 |
| Patient satisfaction | 27.5 |
| Number of new patients | 7.3 |
| Types/complexities of patients seen | 7.0 |
| Shared Savings from Accountable Care Organization | 5.1 |
| Number of Referrals obtained | 1.3 |

## Regional Compensation Brief

## 2019 | Region 1

REGIONAL

| Connecticut | MEDIAN TOTAL | MEDIAN BASE |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Massachusetts | INCOME* | SALARY* |
| Maine | $\$ 120,000$ | $\$ 115,000$ |
| New Hampshire |  | MEDIAN HOURLY |
| Rhode Island |  | SALARY* |
| Vermont |  | $\$ 57.00$ |




Primary Care (PC)
Acute Care (AC)

## Certification

AANP conducted the annual National Workforce Survey in 2019 and more than 5,700 nurse practitioners (NPs) completed it, including 231 NPs from Region 1. This report provides a regional snapshot of NP compensation and benefits.
NATIONAL

| MEDIAN TOTAL INCOME ${ }^{* \dagger}$ | MEDIAN BASE SALARY* |
| :---: | :---: |
| \$115,000 | \$110,000 |
|  | MEDIAN HOURLY SALARY* |
|  | \$57.00 |

TOP 5 WORK SITE SETTINGS IN REGION 1*

Setting:

1. Hospital Outpatient
2. Hospital Inpatient
3. Private Group Practice
4. Community Health Center
5. Private Physician Practice

Median Base Salary: \$120,000
\$131,000
\$110,000
\$102,000
\$102,000

TOP REASONS FOR INCREASE IN SALARY IN REGION 1*

- Received a merit or cost-of-living raise (67\%).
- Changed jobs (12\%).
- Worked more hours/went full time/did more overtime or call (6\%).

TOP 10 BENEFITS IN REGION 1*

- Health insurance (94\%).
- Paid vacation (93\%).
- Dental insurance (87\%).
- CE reimbursement/allowance ( $84 \%$ ).
- Malpractice insurance (81\%).
- Paid sick leave (76\%).
- Professional leave (76\%).
- Employer match retirement plan (73\%).
- Life insurance (71\%).
- NP reimbursement/allowance (70\%).
*Includes only NPs working full time (defined as working an average of 35+ hours per week).
${ }^{\dagger}$ Base salary is the fixed amount of money paid by an employer in return for work performed. Total income includes the dollar value of productivity bonuses, incentive payments, etc.
Visit http://www.aanp.org/research/reports to download the full report.


## Regional Compensation Brief

## 2019 | Region 2

REGIONAL

| New Jersey New York | MEDIAN TOTAL | MEDIAN BASE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$123,000 | $\$ 118,000$ |
|  |  | MEDIAN HOURLY SALARY* |
|  |  | \$64.00 |



MEDIAN BASE SALARY BY TOP 5 CERTIFICATIONS IN REGION 2*



Primary Care (PC)
Acute Care (AC)
Certification

AANP conducted the annual National Workforce Survey in 2019 and more than 5,700 nurse practitioners (NPs) completed it, including 312 NPs from Region 2. This report provides a regional snapshot of NP compensation and benefits.
NATIONAL

| MEDIAN TOTAL | MEDIAN BASE |
| :--- | :--- |
| INCOME |  |
| $\$ 115,000$ | $\$ 110,000$ |
|  | $\$$ SALARY* |
|  | $\$ 10$, |
|  | MEDIAN HOURLY |
|  | $\$ 57.00$ |
|  | $\$ 5 Y^{*}$ |
|  |  |

TOP 5 WORK SITE SETTINGS IN REGION 2*
Setting:

1. Hospital Inpatient
2. Hospital Outpatient
3. Private Group Practice
4. Private Physician Practice \$120,000
5. Long-term Care Facility
\$115,000

TOP REASONS FOR INCREASE IN SALARY IN REGION 2*

- Received a merit or cost-of-living raise (62\%).
- Changed jobs (11\%).
- Received a promotion (6\%).

TOP 10 BENEFITS IN REGION 2*

- Paid vacation (93\%).
- Health insurance (84\%).
- CE reimbursement/allowance (80\%).
- Malpractice insurance (77\%).
- Dental insurance (74\%).
- Paid sick leave (74\%).
- Professional leave (68\%).
- Employer match retirement plan (62\%).
- Vision insurance (62\%).
- Life insurance (57\%).
*Includes only NPs working full time (defined as working an average of 35+ hours per week).
tBase salary is the fixed amount of money paid by an employer in return for work performed. Total income includes the dollar value of productivity bonuses, incentive payments, etc.
Visit http://www.aanp.org/research/reports to download the full report.


## Regional Compensation Brief

## 2019 | Region 3

REGIONAL

| Washington, D.C. | MEDIAN TOTAL INCOME* | MEDIAN BASE SALARY* ${ }^{*}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Delaware |  |  |
| Maryland | \$114,000 | \$109,000 |
| Pennsylvania |  | MEDIAN HOURLY SALARY* |
| Virginia |  | \$55.00 |
| West Virginia |  | \$55.00 |



MEDIAN BASE SALARY BY TOP 5 CERTIFICATIONS IN REGION 3*


Primary Care (PC)
Acute Care (AC)
Certification

AANP conducted the annual National Workforce Survey in 2019 and more than 5,700 nurse practitioners (NPs) completed it, including 435 NPs from Region 3. This report provides a regional snapshot of NP compensation and benefits.
NATIONAL

| MEDIAN TOTAL INCOME ${ }^{*}$ | MEDIAN BASE SALARY* |
| :---: | :---: |
| \$115,000 | \$110,000 |
|  | MEDIAN HOURLY SALARY* |
|  | \$57.00 |

TOP 5 WORK SITE SETTINGS IN REGION 3*
Setting:

1. Hospital Outpatient
2. Hospital Inpatient
3. Private Group Practice
4. Private Physician Practice
5. Long-term Care Facility

Median Base Salary: \$107,000
\$116,000
\$102,000
\$104,000
\$110,000

TOP REASONS FOR INCREASE IN SALARY IN REGION 3*

- Received a merit or cost-of-living raise (65\%).
- Changed jobs (14\%).
- Worked more hours/went full time/did more overtime or call (5\%).

TOP 10 BENEFITS IN REGION 3*

- Paid vacation (93\%).
- Health insurance (91\%).
- CE reimbursement/allowance (89\%).
- Dental insurance (83\%).
- Malpractice insurance ( $81 \%$ ).
- Employer match retirement plan (76\%).
- Vision insurance (75\%).
- Paid sick leave (71\%).
- Professional leave (71\%).
- Life insurance (69\%).
*Includes only NPs working full time (defined as working an average of 35+ hours per week).
tBase salary is the fixed amount of money paid by an employer in return for work performed. Total income includes the dollar value of productivity bonuses, incentive payments, etc.
Visit http://www.aanp.org/research/reports to download the full report.


## Regional Compensation Brief

## 2019 | Region 4

REGIONAL

| Kentucky | MEDIAN TOTAL | MEDIAN BASE |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| INCOME* | SALARY* |  |
| North Carolina |  |  |
| South Carolina | $\$ 110,000$ | $\$ 101,000$ |
| Tennessee |  | MEDIAN HOURLY <br> SALARY* |
|  |  | $\$ 53.00$ |

MEDIAN BASE SALARY BY YEARS OF EXPERIENCE*


National


Region 4


MEDIAN BASE SALARY BY TOP 5 CERTIFICATIONS IN REGION 4*


Primary Care (PC)
Acute Care (AC)

## Certification

AANP conducted the annual National Workforce Survey in 2019 and more than 5,700 nurse practitioners (NPs) completed it, including 409 NPs from Region 4. This report provides a regional snapshot of NP compensation and benefits.
NATIONAL

| MEDIAN TOTAL | MEDIAN BASE |
| :--- | :--- |
| INCOME*+ | SALARY* $^{*+}$ |
| $\$ 115,000$ | $\$ 110,000$ |
|  | MEDIAN HOURLY |
|  | SALARY* |
|  | $\$ 57.00$ |

TOP 5 WORK SITE SETTINGS IN REGION 4*

Setting:

1. Hospital Inpatient
2. Hospital Outpatient
3. Private Group Practice
4. Private Physician Practice
5. Employer/Corporate Clinic

Median Base Salary: \$110,000 \$106,000 \$99,000 \$95,000 \$95,000

TOP REASONS FOR INCREASE IN SALARY IN REGION 4*

- Received a merit or cost-of-living raise (58\%).
- Changed jobs (17\%).
- Worked more hours/went full time/did more overtime or call (8\%).

TOP 10 BENEFITS IN REGION 4*

- Paid vacation (90\%).
- Health insurance (87\%).
- CE reimbursement/allowance (86\%).
- Malpractice insurance (84\%).
- NP reimbursement/allowance (80\%).
- Dental insurance (80\%).
- Employer match retirement plan (80\%).
- Vision insurance (73\%).
- Life insurance (70\%).
- Professional leave (70\%)
*Includes only NPs working full time (defined as working an average of 35+ hours per week).
tBase salary is the fixed amount of money paid by an employer in return for work performed. Total income includes the dollar value of productivity bonuses, incentive payments, etc.
Visit http://www.aanp.org/research/reports to download the full report.


## Regional Compensation Brief

## 2019 | Region 5

REGIONAL

| IIlinois | MEDIAN TOTAL <br> INCOME*t | MEDIAN BASE <br> SALARY*t |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Indiana | $\$ 110,000$ | $\$ 106,000$ |
| Michigan |  | MEDIAN HOURLY |
| Minnesota |  | SALARY* |
| Ohio | $\$ 53.00$ |  |
| Wisconsin |  | $\$ 5.00$ |



MEDIAN BASE SALARY BY TOP 5 CERTIFICATIONS IN REGION 5*


Primary Care (PC)
Acute Care (AC)

## Certification

AANP conducted the annual National Workforce Survey in 2019 and more than 5,700 nurse practitioners (NPs) completed it, including 578 NPs from Region 5. This report provides a regional snapshot of NP compensation and benefits.
NATIONAL

| MEDIAN TOTAL INCOME ${ }^{*+}$ | MEDIAN BASE SALARY* |
| :---: | :---: |
| \$115,000 | \$110,000 |
|  | MEDIAN HOURLY SALARY* |
|  | \$57.00 |

TOP 5 WORK SITE SETTINGS IN REGION 5*

Setting:

1. Hospital Inpatient
2. Hospital Outpatient
3. Private Group Practice
4. Private Physician Practice
5. Federally Qualified Health Center

TOP REASONS FOR INCREASE IN SALARY IN REGION 5*

- Received a merit or cost-of-living raise (71\%).
- Changed jobs (12\%).
- Worked more hours/went full time/did more overtime or call (6\%).

TOP 10 BENEFITS IN REGION 5*

- Health insurance (92\%).
- Paid vacation (92\%).
- Dental insurance (88\%).
- CE reimbursement/allowance ( $86 \%$ ).
- Malpractice insurance (84\%).
- Employer match retirement plan (82\%).
- Life insurance (76\%).
- Vision insurance (76\%).
- Professional leave (75\%)
- NP reimbursement/allowance (71\%).
*Includes only NPs working full time (defined as working an average of 35+ hours per week).
tBase salary is the fixed amount of money paid by an employer in return for work performed. Total income includes the dollar value of productivity bonuses, incentive payments, etc.
Visit http://www.aanp.org/research/reports to download the full report.


## Regional Compensation Brief

## 2019 | Region 6

REGIONAL

| Arkansas | MEDIAN TOTAL <br> INCOME* | MEDIAN BASE <br> SALARY* |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Louisiana | $\$ 118,000$ | $\$ 110,000$ |
| Oklahoma |  | MEDIAN HOURLY <br> SALARY* |
| Texas |  | $\$ 62.00$ |

AANP conducted the annual National Workforce Survey in 2019 and more than 5,700 nurse practitioners (NPs) completed it, including 478 NPs from Region 6. This report provides a regional snapshot of NP compensation and benefits.
NATIONAL

| MEDIAN TOTAL | MEDIAN BASE <br> INCOME |
| :--- | :--- |
| SALARY |  |
| St |  |

TOP 5 WORK SITE SETTINGS IN REGION 6*
Setting:

1. Hospital Inpatient
2. Private Physician Practice
3. Private Group Practice
4. Hospital Outpatient
5. Rural Health Clinic

TOP REASONS FOR INCREASE IN SALARY IN REGION 6*

- Received a merit or cost-of-living raise (57\%).
- Changed jobs (20\%).
- Worked more hours/went full time/did more overtime or call (7\%).
\$109,000 \$105,000 \$106,000 \$107,000
Median Base Salary: \$115,000 \$109,000

*Includes only NPs working full time (defined as working an average of 35+ hours per week).
tBase salary is the fixed amount of money paid by an employer in return for work performed. Total income includes the dollar value of productivity bonuses, incentive payments, etc.
Visit http://www.aanp.org/research/reports to download the full report.


## Regional Compensation Brief

## 2019 | Region 7

REGIONAL

| lowa | MEDIAN TOTAL <br> INCOME*t | MEDIAN BASE <br> Kansas |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Missouri | $\$ 110,000$ | $\$ 105,000$ |
| Nebraska |  | SALARY*t |
|  |  | MEDIAN HOURLY <br>  |
|  |  | $\$ 56.00$ |
|  |  |  |

MEDIAN BASE SALARY BY YEARS OF EXPERIENCE*



MEDIAN BASE SALARY BY TOP 3 CERTIFICATIONS IN REGION 7*
$\square$ National $\square$ Region 7


AANP conducted the annual National Workforce Survey in 2019 and more than 5,700 nurse practitioners (NPs) completed it, including 232 NPs from Region 7. This report provides a regional snapshot of NP compensation and benefits.
NATIONAL

| MEDIAN TOTAL | MEDIAN BASE |
| :--- | :--- |
| INCOME $^{* t}$ | SALARY $^{* t}$ |
| $\$ 115,000$ | $\$ 110,000$ |
|  | MEDIAN HOURLY |
|  | SALARY* |
|  | $\$ 57.00$ |

TOP 4 WORK SITE SETTINGS IN REGION 7*
Setting:

1. Hospital Outpatient
2. Hospital Inpatient
3. Private Group Practice
4. Rural Health Clinic

Median Base Salary: \$105,000
\$112,000
\$104,000
\$100,000

TOP REASONS FOR INCREASE IN SALARY IN REGION 7*

- Received a merit or cost-of-living raise (70\%).
- Changed jobs (10\%).

```
    TOP 10 BENEFITS IN REGION 7*
- Health insurance (91%).
- Paid vacation (90%).
- Employer match retirement plan (87%).
- CE reimbursement/allowance (86%).
- Malpractice insurance (86%).
- Dental insurance (83%).
- Life insurance (73%).
- Vision insurance (73%).
- Professional leave (70%).
- Paid sick leave (69%).
```

*Includes only NPs working full time (defined as working an average of 35+ hours per week).
tBase salary is the fixed amount of money paid by an employer in return for work performed. Total income includes the dollar value of productivity bonuses, incentive payments, etc.
Visit http://www.aanp.org/research/reports to download the full report.

## Regional Compensation Brief

## 2019 | Region 8

REGIONAL

| Colorado | MEDIAN TOTAL | MEDIAN BASE |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Montana | INCOME* | SALARY*t |
| North Dakota | $\$ 113,000$ | $\$ 105,000$ |
| South Dakota |  | MEDIAN HOURLY <br> SALARY* |
| Utah |  | $\$ 54.00$ |
| Wyoming |  |  |



MEDIAN BASE SALARY BY TOP 3 CERTIFICATIONS IN REGION 8*


Primary Care (PC)
Acute Care (AC)

AANP conducted the annual National Workforce Survey in 2019 and more than 5,700 nurse practitioners (NPs) completed it, including 163 NPs from Region 8. This report provides a regional snapshot of NP compensation and benefits.

NATIONAL

| MEDIAN TOTAL | MEDIAN BASE |
| :--- | :--- |
| INCOME ${ }^{*+}$ | SALARY $^{*}$ |
| $\$ 115,000$ | $\$ 110,000$ |
|  | MEDIAN HOURLY |
|  | SALARY* |
|  | $\$ 57.00$ |

TOP 3 WORK SITE SETTINGS IN REGION 8*
Setting:

1. Hospital Outpatient
2. Private Group Practice
3. Hospital Inpatient

Median Base Salary:
\$104,000
\$100,000
\$111,000

TOP REASONS FOR INCREASE IN SALARY IN REGION 8*

- Received a merit or cost-of-living raise (63\%).
- Changed jobs (10\%).
- Worked more hours/went full time/did more overtime or call (10\%).

TOP 10 BENEFITS IN REGION 8*

- Health insurance (91\%)
- Dental insurance (87\%)
- Paid vacation (86\%).
- CE reimbursement/allowance (84\%).
- Malpractice insurance (81\%).
- Employer match retirement plan (79\%).
- Life insurance (74\%).
- Vision insurance (68\%).
- Professional leave (65\%).
- NP reimbursement/allowance (64\%).
*Includes only NPs working full time (defined as working an average of 35+ hours per week).
tBase salary is the fixed amount of money paid by an employer in return for work performed. Total income includes the dollar value of productivity bonuses, incentive payments, etc.
Visit http://www.aanp.org/research/reports to download the full report.


## Regional Compensation Brief

## 2019 | Region 9

REGIONAL

| Arizona | MEDIAN TOTAL | MEDIAN BASE |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| California | INCOME ${ }^{*+t}$ | SALAR <br> *it |
| Hawaii | $\$ 133,000$ | $\$ 125,000$ |
| New Mexico |  | MEDIAN HOURLY <br> Sevada |
| Nevad |  |  |



MEDIAN BASE SALARY BY TOP 5 CERTIFICATIONS IN REGION 9*


Primary Care (PC) Acute Care (AC)

AANP conducted the annual National Workforce Survey in 2019 and more than 5,700 nurse practitioners (NPs) completed it, including 459 NPs from Region 9. This report provides a regional snapshot of NP compensation and benefits.
NATIONAL

| MEDIAN TOTAL | MEDIAN BASE |
| :--- | :--- |
| INCOME*+ | SALARY* $^{*+}$ |
| $\$ 115,000$ | $\$ 110,000$ |
|  | MEDIAN HOURLY |
|  | SALARY* |
|  | $\$ 57.00$ |

TOP 5 WORK SITE SETTINGS IN REGION 9*
Setting:

1. Hospital Outpatient
2. Private Group Practice
3. Hospital Inpatient
4. Community Health Center
\$127,000
5. Private Physician Practice \$120,000

TOP REASONS FOR INCREASE IN SALARY IN REGION 9*

- Received a merit or cost-of-living raise (58\%).
- Changed jobs (17\%).
- Worked more hours/went full time/did more overtime or call (5\%).

TOP 10 BENEFITS IN REGION 9*

- Paid vacation (90\%).
- Health insurance (90\%).
- Dental insurance (85\%)
- Paid sick leave (81\%).
- CE reimbursement/allowance (80\%).
- Malpractice insurance (79\%).
- Vision insurance (77\%).
- Employer match retirement plan (70\%).
- Professional leave (69\%)
- Life insurance (62\%).
*Includes only NPs working full time (defined as working an average of 35+ hours per week).
tBase salary is the fixed amount of money paid by an employer in return for work performed. Total income includes the dollar value of productivity bonuses, incentive payments, etc.
Visit http://www.aanp.org/research/reports to download the full report.


## Regional Compensation Brief

## 2019 | Region 10

## REGIONAL

| Alaska | MEDIAN TOTAL <br> INCOME*t | MEDIAN BASE <br> SALARY*t |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Idaho | $\$ 125,000$ | $\$ 120,000$ |
| Oregon |  | MEDIAN HOURLY <br> Washington |
|  |  | SALARY* <br>  <br>  <br>  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

AANP conducted the annual National Workforce Survey in 2019 and more than 5,700 nurse practitioners (NPs) completed it, including 179 NPs from Region 10. This report provides a regional snapshot of NP compensation and benefits.
NATIONAL

| MEDIAN TOTAL | MEDIAN BASE |
| :--- | :--- |
| INCOME $^{* t}$ | SALARY $^{* t}$ |
| $\$ 115,000$ | $\$ 110,000$ |
|  | MEDIAN HOURLY <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> $\$ 575.00$ |

TOP 4 WORK SITE SETTINGS IN REGION 10*

Setting:

1. Hospital Outpatient
2. Hospital Inpatient
3. Private Group Practice
4. Community Health Center

Median Base Salary: \$118,000 \$120,000 \$119,000 \$105,000

TOP REASONS FOR INCREASE IN SALARY IN REGION 10*

- Received a merit or cost-of-living raise (60\%).
- Changed jobs (20\%).

TOP 10 BENEFITS IN REGION 10*

- Health insurance (92\%).
- Paid vacation (90\%).
- CE reimbursement/allowance (86\%).
- Dental insurance (83\%)
- Malpractice insurance (82\%).
- Vision insurance (78\%).
- Employer match retirement plan (77\%).
- NP reimbursement/allowance (74\%).
- Professional leave (73\%)
- Paid sick leave (67\%).

Primary Care (PC)
Acute Care (AC)

Certification
*Includes only NPs working full time (defined as working an average of 35+ hours per week).
tBase salary is the fixed amount of money paid by an employer in return for work performed. Total income includes the dollar value of productivity bonuses, incentive payments, etc.
Visit http://www.aanp.org/research/reports to download the full report.

## Regional Compensation Brief

## 2019 | Region 11

REGIONAL

| Alabama | MEDIAN TOTAL <br> INCOME*t | MEDIAN BASE <br> Florida |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Seorgia | $\$ 10,000$ | $\$ 103,000$ |
| Mississippi |  | MEDIAN HOURLY |
|  |  | SALARY* <br>  <br>  |
|  |  | $\$ 52.00$ |




AANP conducted the annual National Workforce Survey in 2019 and more than 5,700 nurse practitioners (NPs) completed it, including 464 NPs from Region 11. This report provides a regional snapshot of NP compensation and benefits.
NATIONAL

## MEDIAN TOTAL INCOME* ${ }^{+}$ <br> \$115,000 <br> MEDIAN BASE SALARY* $\dagger$ <br> \$110,000 <br> MEDIAN HOURLY SALARY* <br> \$57.00

TOP 5 WORK SITE SETTINGS IN REGION 11*

Setting:

1. Hospital Inpatient
2. Private Group Practice
3. Hospital Outpatient
4. Private Physician Practice
5. Employer/Corporate Clinic

Median Base Salary: \$106,000
\$100,000
\$104,000
\$95,000
\$106,000

TOP REASONS FOR INCREASE IN SALARY IN REGION 11*

- Received a merit or cost-of-living raise (56\%).
- Changed jobs (15\%).
- Worked more hours/went full time/did more overtime or call (10\%).

TOP 10 BENEFITS IN REGION 11*
Paid vacation (88\%).

- Health insurance (80\%)
- Malpractice insurance (79\%).
- CE reimbursement/allowance (77\%).
- Dental insurance (70\%).
- Employer match retirement plan (67\%).
- Vision insurance (66\%).
- Life insurance (61\%).
- Professional leave (61\%).
- Paid sick leave (60\%).
*Includes only NPs working full time (defined as working an average of 35+ hours per week).
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